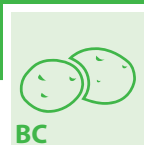


HIND

Everest x Labadia



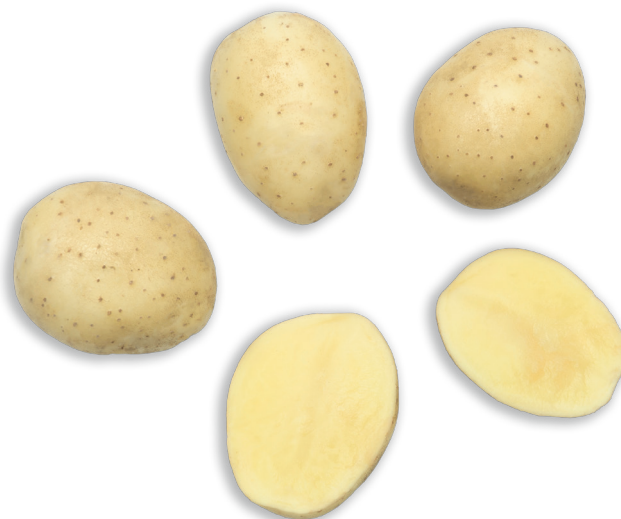
General production advice ware potatoes

- High yield
- Good heat and drought resistance
- Low Nitrogen demand
- Multipurpose variety
- Good frying quality



Characteristics

Market	Traditional & Home fries
Cooking type	BC (fairly firm / to floury)
Maturity	Moderately late
Yield	High
Tuber size	Large
Tuber shape	Long oval
Number of tubers	10-12
Skin colour	Yellow
Flesh colour	Light yellow
Flesh after cooking	No discoloration
Shallowness of eyes	Shallow eyes
Berries	No berries
Dormancy period	Long dormancy
Emergence	Normal
Metribuzin sensitivity	Sensitive
Foliage development	Good
Internal bruising	Moderate sensitive
Little potato disorder	Moderate sensitive
Dry matter content	20,2 %
UWW	370
Drought resistance	7,5



Planting populations

Plant depth	Normal
Planting distance	Row distance 75 cm

Size	Plants/ha	Distance
28/35	58.000	23 cm
35/55	47.500	30 cm

Depending of cultivation purpose.

We advise to always check the tuber number for an accurate calculation.



Resistances

Foliage blight	6
Tuber blight	6
Common scab	5,5
PVY	6,5
Powdery scab	Susceptible
Spraing	Not susceptible
Yntn tuber tolerance	Moderate sensitive
PCN Resistance	
Ro1 & Ro4	Resistant
Wart disease	
Fysio 1	Resistant



Fertilization

- Adapt fertilization based on soil analysis.
- Nitrogen: 160 kg N/ha. Inclusive of soil supply.
- Phosphate according to standard advice.
- Potassium according to standard advice. preferably in 2 doses.





Everest x Labadia

Pre-treatment and planting

- Early pre-sprouting can advance the crop with more stems.
- Avoid soils which are susceptible for common scab.
- Hind gets the best results on soils with a good structure.
- Tuber and/or soil treatments are advised to control rhizoctonia and silver scurf.



Growing attention points

- The initial development is good, with a moderately developing and covering canopy.
- Nitrogen demand is 70 - 80% in comparison to other varieties.
- Hind is sensitive to Metribuzin.
- Hind is sensitive to common scab, irrigation during the growing season can prevent the infection of common scab.
- Keep a tight schedule in blight treatment, because the variety is slightly susceptible in foliage and tuber.



Haulm killing and harvest

- Allow a good hardening off the tubers before harvest for a better skin set.
- Reduce drop heights to avoid mechanical damage and bruising.



Storage

- Be sure of good attention to drying and wound healing.
- The product must dry rapidly after harvest, a heater is recommended.
- A cool and dry product prevents increase of Silver scurf.
- Hind is suitable for long term storage.



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