



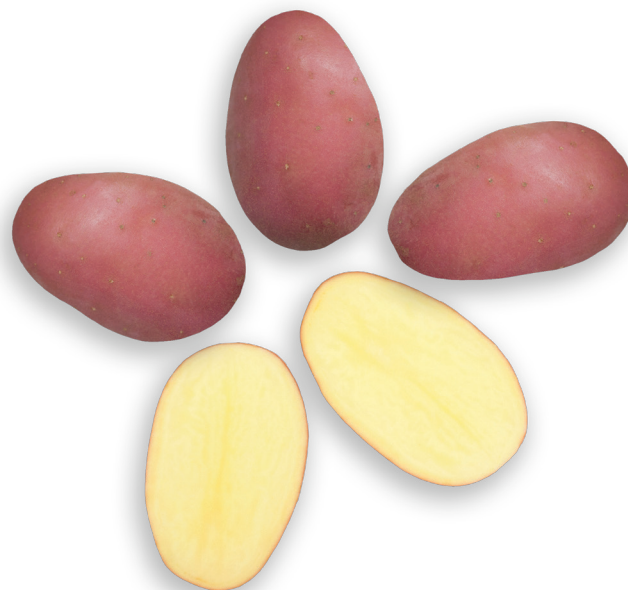
General production advice ware potatoes

- Smooth red skin
- Very uniform
- High yield
- Good resistance to late blight



Characteristics

Market	Table potato & Traditional
Cooking type	AB (rather firm)
Maturity	Moderately late
Yield	High
Tuber size	Large
Tuber shape	Round oval
Number of tubers	10-12
Skin colour	Red
Flesh colour	Yellow
Flesh after cooking	No discoloration
Shallowness of eyes	Shallow eyes
Berries	No berries
Dormancy period	Long dormancy
Emergence	Normal
Metribuzin sensitivity	Not sensitive
Foliage development	Good
Internal bruising	Moderate sensitive
Little potato disorder	Moderate sensitive
Dry matter content	18,5 %
UWW	335
Drought resistance	8



Planting populations

Plant depth	Normal	
Planting distance	Row distance 75 cm	
Size	Plants/ha	Distance
28/35	55.000	24 cm
35/55	40.000	33 cm

Depending of cultivation purpose.

We advise to always check the tuber number for an accurate calculation.



Resistances

Foliage blight	8
Tuber blight	6
Common scab	6
PVY	6,5
Powdery scab	Not susceptible
Spraing	Slightly susceptible
Yntn tuber tolerance	Moderate sensitive
PCN Resistance Ro1 & Ro4	Resistant
Wart disease Fysio 1	Resistant



Fertilization

- Adapt fertilization based on soil analysis.
- Nitrogen: 160 kg N/ha. Including soil supply.
- Phosphate according to standard advice.
- Potassium according to standard advice.





Laura x Bellini

Pre-treatment and planting

- A heat treatment is necessary to open the eyes gradually, this advances the crop.
- Allow the seed to acclimatize to the local conditions before planting.
- Early pre-sprouting can advance the crop with more stems.
- Cereza gets the best results on lighter clay soils, with a good soil structure.
- When potatoes from spring crop are used as seed for autumn / winter crop, this seed should not be stored too cold.
- Tuber and/or soil treatments are advised to control rhizoctonia and silver scurf.



Growing attention points

- The initial development is good, with a moderately developing and good covering.
- The use of Sencor is recommended pre-emergence. In case of post-emergence, use the low doses system.
- The variety is a little sensitive to virus what will be visible later in the growing season.
- The use of mineral oils is recommended.
- Do not apply nitrogen late in the growing season, to naturally mature the crop.



Haulm killing and harvest

- Take care of a good and natural haulm killing.
- Allow a good hardening off of the tubers before harvest for a better skin set.
- Cereza is moderate sensitive to bruising and mechanical damage.
- Reduce drop heights and avoid mechanical damage and bruising.



Storage

- Be sure of good attention to drying and wound healing.
- A cool and dry product prevents increase of Silver scurf.
- For a long storage period, refrigeration is required.



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